### **ABOUT GI**

Geographical Indications (GIs) are associated with the legacy of a product connected with a specific location having unique blend of nature, culture, tradition, and artisan. In India, there are several registered Gls and there are numerous Gls which are not yet registered officially, but are potential registerable Gls.

> GI based on classes to Natural Goods, Food Stuff Manufactured Goods, Handicrafts or Agricultural Goods

GI based on uniqueness, weather, and terrain of the place of origin

Registered by the Authorized community of the GI

**Economic empowerment to** Artisans, Producers, and Manufacturers

> 650+ registered Gls and numerous unregistered Gls existence in India

Preservation of local Culture, Tradition, and Legacy

Legal Protection from unfair usage

Gl Sign or symbol indicating Geographical Origin or location

Social Uplifting and continuing the Legacy of the Nation

Prevents counterfeiting and ensures genuineness of products











# ASSAM JAAPI

An ancient emblem of Assamese folk culture is jaapi. The word jaapi comes from the word jaapi, which means a bunch of toku leaves. In the past, farmers and common Assamese people used basic jaapi to protect themselves from the sun, whereas elaborate jaapi was worn as a status symbol of aristocracy and royalty. Decorative sorudoi jaapi are woven with elaborate fabric designs, mainly in shades of red, white, green, blue, and black. The bamboo headgear known as jaapi, which is popular in rural Assam, is a distinctive feature of the state's handicrafts and is vital to the state's traditional economy, especially in the Nalbari District.

## UNIQUENESS

The jaapi hat of Assam is a remarkable example of cultural heritage and craftsmanship. Woven from bamboo and toku leaves, these conical hats are not merely accessories but symbols deeply embedded in Assamese traditions. Each jaapi is meticulously crafted by skilled artisans, reflecting generations of expertise and cultural pride

#### RAW MATERIALS

Cane, bamboo & toku leaves

Price Approx. Rs. 450 Onwards

Class of Goods 20

**Proof of Origin** 16<sup>th</sup> Century



No. of Families Involved Natives of Assam

> Type of Goods **Handicrafts**

Geographical Location Nalbari district. Assam

## METHOD OF PRODUCTION

The artisans, carefully select bamboo and toku leaves, essential for their flexibility and durability. The bamboo is split and flattened to form a circular base. Next the dried toku leaves are intricately woven around the bamboo frame. This weaving process requires precision to achieve a tight, secure weave that gradually shapes the hat into its distinctive conical form.









