

ABOUT GI

Geographical Indications (GIs) are associated with the legacy of a product connected with a specific location having unique blend of nature, culture, tradition, and artisan. In India, there are several registered GIs and there are numerous GIs which are not yet registered officially, but are potential registerable GIs.

GI based on classes of Natural Goods, Food Stuff
Manufactured Goods, Handicrafts or
Agricultural Goods

GI based on uniqueness,
weather, and terrain of the
place of origin

A Community Right

Economic Empowerment to
Artisans, Producers, and
Manufacturers

650+ Registered GIs and
Numerous Unregistered GIs
Existing in India

Authorized User Registration For
GI Community Members

Legal protection from
unfair usage

GI Logo
indicating Geographical
Origin or location

Social Upliftment and
continuing the
Legacy of the Nation

Prevents counterfeiting and
ensures genuineness of
products through “GI Tags”

Preservation of local Culture,
Tradition and Legacy

A GI reflects a shared heritage that has evolved over generations, deeply influenced by local knowledge, distinctive environments, and cultural traditions. It highlights that certain products are far more than just items of trade; they represent the history, narratives, and dedication of the artisans, farmers, and communities who have kept these practices alive. By recognizing this inherent value, the GI system establishes a structure to safeguard and encourage these traditions, ensuring they thrive and adapt in today's competitive landscape.



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BODO KERADAPINI



Keradapini is a wild edible species found in Bodoland, Assam, and the Manas National Park. It is a rare and endangered species, known for its health benefits and ethnobotanical importance in the region. Its medicinal properties include treating asthma, dropsy, fever, cough, body ache, and treating giddiness and drowsiness. The plant's root produces alcoholic extract for its antipyretic, anti-nociceptive, and anti-inflammatory potential. Keradapini is a good source of vitamins, oil, carbohydrates, and minerals, which are not found in other food sources.

UNIQUENESS

Keradapini, a small undershrub grown in Bodoland of Assam, is used in food and medicine preparation. It is a member of the Verbenaceae family and contains bioactive compounds like alkaloids, flavonoids, tannins, saponins, and micronutrient elements. Keradapini plant has therapeutic properties, potentially offering a future alternative to current medicines for anti-oxidant, anti-cancer, and anti-diabetic benefits. Bodo tribes in Assam use Keradapini leaves in their food preparation and consume them to alleviate fever and body pain.

RAW MATERIALS

Seeds, Soil, Water, Organic Compost, Fertilizers, Mulch

Price

Approx. 60/kg to 300/kg depending upon the quality

Class of Goods
31

Proof of Origin
Bodo Tribe Legacy

Geographical Location

Bodoland in Assam (Bodo Tribe)

Type of Goods
Agriculture

Number of Families Involved
More than 500 families



METHOD OF PRODUCTION

The plant is grown using slash and burn techniques on grass not used by animals. Keradapini is a perennial herb with woody root stock shoots and annual flowering stems.



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