

ABOUT GI

Geographical Indications (GIs) are associated with the legacy of a product connected with a specific location having unique blend of nature, culture, tradition, and artisan. In India, there are several registered GIs and there are numerous GIs which are not yet registered officially, but are potential registerable GIs.

GI based on classes to Natural Goods, Food Stuff
Manufactured Goods,
Handicrafts or Agricultural Goods

GI based on uniqueness,
weather, and terrain of the
place of origin

Legal Protection from
unfair usage

Registered by the Authorized
community of the GI

GI Sign or symbol
indicating Geographical
Origin or location

Economic empowerment to
Artisans, Producers, and
Manufacturers

Social Uplifting and
continuing the
Legacy of the Nation

700+ registered GIs and
numerous unregistered GIs
existence in India

Prevents counterfeiting and
ensures genuineness of
products

Preservation of local Culture,
Tradition, and Legacy



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BAHADOLI JAMUN

Bahadoli Jamun is a heritage fruit variety cultivated in Bahadoli village of Palghar district, Maharashtra. Scientifically known as *Syzygium cumini* L., it is an evergreen tree that can grow up to 100 feet tall. The fruit is oblong, large-sized, and ripens from green to deep purple or black towards the end of summer. Known for its sweet, sour, and astringent flavor, Bahadoli Jamun is consumed fresh and processed into beverages and medicinal products.

UNIQUENESS

Bahadoli Jamun trees are considered sacred and have given Bahadoli the name “Jambulgaon.” Fruits weigh 18-20 g with high pulp content (TSS 12-15°B), making them desirable for consumption and processing. The fruit is rich in antioxidants, tannins, and anthocyanins, and its seeds are widely used in antidiabetic medicines. Pulp is processed into wine, vinegar, ice cream, juice, and fruit bars. Ownership of Jamun trees is traditionally passed to newborns, symbolizing legacy and livelihood.

RAW MATERIALS

Bahadoli Jamun Seeds



Price
Approx.
Rs. 300 to Rs. 700 per kg.

No. of Families Involved
Approx.
900 to 1200 families

Class of Goods
31

Type of Goods
Agricultural

Proof of Origin
20th century

Geographical Location
Bahadoli village, Palghar district,
Maharashtra

METHOD OF PRODUCTION

Jamun trees are planted on flat lands in lime-rich soils. Blooming occurs in December, with fruits harvested from May to June before monsoon rains. Cross-pollination is common. Fruits are hand-picked and stored under controlled conditions to extend shelf life up to three weeks. Seeds are preserved for cultivation and medicinal use. Traditional practices ensure sustainability and cultural continuity.