

ABOUT GI

Geographical Indications (GIs) are associated with the legacy of a product connected with a specific location having unique blend of nature, culture, tradition, and artisan. In India, there are several registered GIs and there are numerous GIs which are not yet registered officially, but are potential registerable GIs.

GI based on classes to Natural Goods, Food Stuff
Manufactured Goods, Handicrafts
or Agricultural Goods

GI based on uniqueness,
weather, and
terrain of the place of origin

Legal Protection from
unfair usage

Registered by the
Authorized
community of the GI

GI Sign or symbol
indicating
Geographical Origin
or location

Economic empowerment
to Artisans, Producers,
and Manufacturers

Social Uplifting and
continuing the Legacy of
the Nation

700+ registered GIs and
numerous unregistered GIs
existence in India

Prevents counterfeiting
and ensures
genuineness of products

Preservation of local Culture,
Tradition,
and Legacy



A GI reflects a shared heritage that has evolved over generations, deeply influenced by local knowledge, distinctive environments, and cultural traditions. It highlights that certain products are far more than just items of trade; they represent the history, narratives, and dedication of the artisans, farmers, and communities who have kept these practices alive. By recognizing this inherent value, the GI system establishes a structure to safeguard and encourage these traditions, ensuring they thrive and adapt in today's competitive landscape.



GWALIOR HANDMADE CARPET

Gwalior Handmade Carpets are renowned for their fine craftsmanship, vibrant colors, and intricate designs. Dating back to the Mughal period, the craft flourished in Gwalior, where carpets were woven even in jail workshops. Weavers employ single-knot techniques, making the carpets lightweight and easy to fold. The patterns depict natural motifs such as birds, animals, and forest scenes, along with geometric shapes. The soft, thin texture and rich colors distinguish these carpets, making them highly sought-after both in India and internationally.

UNIQUENESS

Gwalior Handmade Carpets are distinguished by their single-knot weaving, making them lightweight and easy to fold. The designs reflect local culture, featuring motifs like birds, elephants, and geometric patterns. The Maharaja and Darbari patterns are exclusive to Gwalior. Wool, cotton, and silk carpets are woven with vibrant colors, embodying traditional craftsmanship.

RAW MATERIALS

Wool, Cotton, Silk, Dyes (Natural and Synthetic), Wooden Looms, Tana Machines, Punja Comb, Patti, Pechkasani, and Weaving Tools

Price

Approx. Rs. 5000 to 50,000 per piece

Number of Families Involved

Approx. 800 to 1000 families

Proof of Origin

16th Century

Class of Goods

Class 27

Type of Goods

Handicraft

Geographical Location

Gwalior,
Madhya Pradesh.



METHOD OF PRODUCTION

The process involves designing, raw material procurement, dyeing, and yarn preparation using Tana machines and looms. Weavers use Punja and Patti to compact knots, and Pechkasani for tightening. The final steps include finishing and quality checks, ensuring each piece reflects the heritage of Gwalior's master artisans.